ST. ANNE'S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY



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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

QUESTION BANK

EE 3009 - SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES

V SEMESTER

Prepared by

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

QUESTION BANK

Subject Code & Name: EE 3009 - Special Electrical Machines Semester/ Year : V / III

	UNIT I - STEPPER MOTORS				
Constr	uctional features -Principle of operation -Type	s – Torq	ue predictions	– Linear	
Analys	Analysis – Characteristics – Drive circuits – Closed loop control – Applications.				
1	What is stepper motor?	BTL 4	Analyze	CO2	
2	Define step angle.	BTL 1	Remember	CO2	
3	Define slewing.	BTL 4	Analyze	CO2	
4	Classify the different types of stepping motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO2	
6	Summarize the principle of operation of a variable reluctance stepper motor.	BTL 2	Understand	CO2	
7	Distinguish the half step and full step operations of a stepper motor.	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO2	
8	Generalize single stack and multi stack configurations in stepping motors.	BTL 6	Create	CO2	
9	Define the terms holding and detent torques as referred to stepper motor.	BTL1	Remember	CO2	
10	What is the relationship between the step number and step angle in a stepper motor?	BTL 1	Remember	CO2	
11	The stepper motor has a step angle of 1.8° and is driven at 4000rps. Determine (a) Resolution (b) Rotor speed.	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO2	
12	Define torque constant of a stepper motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO2	
13	Calculate the stepping angle for a 3phase, 24 pole permanent magnet stepper motor.	BTL 3	Apply	CO2	
14	Draw the block diagram of the drive system of a stepping motor.	BTL 6	Create	CO2	
15	What is the function of drive circuit in stepping motor?	BTL 1	Remember	CO1	
16	Name the various driver circuits used in stepped motor.	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
17	Illustrate the need of suppressor circuits in stepper motor.	BTL 3	Apply	CO1	
18	State the advantages of closed loop operation of stepper motor.	BTL 3	Apply	CO1	
19	What is meant by Lead angle in stepper motors?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1	
20	State some applications of stepper motor.	BTL 2	Understand	CO2	

Part – B				
1	Describe in detail the construction and working	BTL 1	Remember	CO2
	of variable reluctance stepper motor. (13)			
2	Explain the construction and working principle	BTL 4	Analyze	CO2
	of hybrid stepper motor with neat diagrams.		•	
	(13)			
3	Explain the operation of single stack and multi-	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO2
_	stack stepper motor with a neat diagram. (13)	_		
4	Discuss the principles of operation of	BTL 4	Analyze	CO2
•	permanent magnet stepper motor torque Vs	DIL	1 11141 9 20	002
	angle characteristics (13)			
5	Draw and explain in detail the static and	BTL 1	Remember	CO2
5	dynamic characteristics of stepper motor (13)	DILI	Remember	002
6	i) Explain the mechanism of static torque	BTI 2	Understand	CO2
0	production in a variable reluctance stepping	DIL 2	Understand	002
	motor (7)			
	ii) Describe the dynamic characteristics of a			
	a variable reluctance stepper motor (6)			
7	i) Explain with a past diagram the	RTI 6	Creata	CO^{2}
/	1) Explain with a field diagram the	DILO	Cleate	02
	ii) A stanper motor has a resolution of 180			
	ii) A stepper motor has a resolution of 180			
	steps per revolution. Find the pulse rate			
	required in order to obtain a rotor speed of 2400 mars			
0	$\frac{2400 \text{ rpm.}}{100000000000000000000000000000000000$		TT 1 / 1	000
8	Explain in detail linear analysis of stepper	BIL 2	Understand	02
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{motor.} \\ \hline \end{array} $		D 1	001
9	Draw and explain drive circuits and their	BILI	Remember	COI
	performance characteristics for stepper motor.			
10	(13)		A 1	000
10	A stepper motor driven by a bipolar drive	BIL 4	Analyze	CO2
	circuit has following parameters: Winding			
	inductance = 30mH, rated current = 3A, DC			
	supply = $45 V$, total resistance in each phase =			
	150hm. When the transistors are turned off,			
	determine the time taken by the phase current			
	to delay to zero and the proportion of the stored			
	inductive energy returned to the supply. (13)			
		D		C C i
11	i) Explain briefly closed loop control of stepper	BTL 2	Understand	CO1
	motor. (7)			
	11) A single stack 3 phase variable reluctance			
	motor has a step angle of 15. Find the number			
	of stator and rotor poles. (6)			~~ .
12	Explain in detail the concept of lead angle in stepper motor (13)	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
13	(i) What is the motor torque T required to	BTI 3	Annly	CO1
15	accelerate an initial load of $2*10^{-4}$ kgm ² from	כעוע	· •PP•3	001
	$f_1 = 500$ Hz to $f_2 = 1500$ Hz during 50me The			
	Γ_1 = 500 Π_2 to Γ_2 = 1500 Π_2 during 50 Π_3 . The frictional torque T _c is 0.03Nm and step angle is			
	$1.18^{\circ}.$ (7)			

bipolar drives for stepper motors.(6)CO214Enumerate the various applications of stepper motor.BTL 3ApplyCO210Part-CPart-CCreateCO21Develop single and multi-stack configured stepping motors for mechanical clock application.BTL 6CreateCO22A Variable Reluctance stepper motor has a step angle of 3°, Determine the following: i) Resolution.BTL 5EvaluateCO2
14 Enumerate the various applications of stepper motor. BTL 3 Apply CO2 Part-C 1 Develop single and multi-stack configured stepping motors for mechanical clock application. BTL 6 Create CO2 2 A Variable Reluctance stepper motor has a step angle of 3°, Determine the following: BTL 5 Evaluate CO2 i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft to Image: stepping in the image. Image. <t< td=""></t<>
motor. (13) Part-C 1 Develop single and multi-stack configured stepping motors for mechanical clock application. BTL 6 Create CO2 2 A Variable Reluctance stepper motor has a step angle of 3°, Determine the following: BTL 5 Evaluate CO2 i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft to BTL 5 Evaluate CO2
Part-C 1 Develop single and multi-stack configured stepping motors for mechanical clock application. BTL 6 Create CO2 2 A Variable Reluctance stepper motor has a step angle of 3°, Determine the following: BTL 5 Evaluate CO2 i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft to Image: Stepper staft to Image: Stepp
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stepping motors for mechanical clock application.clock (15)clock clock (15)2A Variable Reluctance stepper motor has a step angle of 3°, Determine the following: i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft toBTL 5EvaluateCO2
application.(15)2A Variable Reluctance stepper motor has a step angle of 3°, Determine the following: i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft toBTL 5EvaluateCO2
2A Variable Reluctance stepper motor has a stepBTL 5EvaluateCO2angle of 3°, Determine the following: i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft toBTL 5EvaluateCO2
angle of 3°, Determine the following: i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft to
i) Resolution. ii) Number of steps per shaft to
make 10 revolutions iii)Shaft speed if stepping
frequency is 2400pulse/sec. (15)
3 Recommend suitable types of stepper motor for BTL 5 Evaluate CO2
textile mill and explain the reason with the
mechanical characteristics. (15)
4 Design a suitable driver circuit which employs BTL6 Create CO2
unipolar and bipolar wiring arrangements of
stepping motor and explain. (15)
UNIT II - SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS (SRM)
Constructional features -Principle of operation- Torque prediction-Characteristics -Power
controllers-Control of SRMdrive- Speed control-current control-design procedure- Sensor
less operation of SRM-Current sensing-rotor position- estimation methods - Applications.
1 State the principle of operation of switched BTL 1 Remember CO3
reluctance motor.
2 List out the advantages of switched reluctance BTL 1 Remember CO3
motors.
3 Illustrate the different modes of operation of BTL 3 Apply CO3
switched reluctance motor.
4 Differentiate switched reluctance motor BTL 5 Evaluate CO3
and variable reluctance stepper motor.
5 Give basic features or characteristics of BTL 2 Understand CO3
Switched Reluctance motor
6 What are the disadvantages of a switched BTL 2 Understand CO3
reluctance motor?
Give the expression for torque of a switched BTL 6 Create CO3
reluctance motor
8 Write the relations between the speed and BTL1 Remember CO3
Tundamental switching frequency 0 D to the standard strength of
9 Determine the step angle of a three phase BTL 4 Analyze CO3
switched reluctance motor naving 12stator
pores and o rotor pores. What is the
6000rmm ²
10 Evaluate the speed-torque characteristics of PTL 5 Evaluate CO2
SRM
DINIVI. DITLO DITLO DITLO
I II IIIst out the basic requirements of nower RTE 7 Understand COI
List out the basic requirements of power BTL 2 Understand COI semiconductor switching circuits employed for
11 List out the basic requirements of power BTL 2 Understand COI semiconductor switching circuits employed for switched reluctance motor
11 List out the basic requirements of power BTL 2 Understand CO1 semiconductor switching circuits employed for switched reluctance motor. 12 Point out the different power controllers used BTL 4 Analyze CO1

13	What are the merits of classic converter or power controller in SRM?	BTL 2	Understand	CO1
14	What are the merits of Dump C – Converter?	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
15	Illustrate why SR machines popular in adjustable speed drives.	BTL 3	Apply	CO1
16	List out the advantages and disadvantages of the converter circuit with two power semiconductor devices and two diodes per phase?	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
17	What is the significance of closed loop control in switched reluctance motor?	BTL1	Remember	CO1
18	What are the two types of current control techniques?	BTL 6	Create	CO1
19	Give the advantages of sensorless operation of switched reluctance motor.	BTL 4	Analyze	CO3
20	Illustrate the applications of switched reluctance motor.	BTL 3	Apply	CO3
	Part-B			
1.	Draw the cross sectional view of switched reluctance motor and explain the principle of operation. State the advantages of switched reluctance motor. (13)	BTL 1	Remember	CO3
2.	 (i) Explain the torque-speed characteristics of switched reluctance motors. (7) (ii) Derive the expressions for voltage and torque of SR machines. (6) 	BTL 4	Analyze	CO3
3	 i) What is the relationship between torque and current in synchronous reluctance motor? Derive the equation of torque developed in a switched reluctance motor. (7) ii) A switched reluctance motor with 8 stator poles and 6rotor poles has a stator polar arc of 30° and rotor pole arc of 33°. The aligned inductance is 10.5mH and unaligned inductance is 1.5mH. Saturation can be neglected. Calculate the instantaneous torque when the rotor is 30° before the aligned position and phase current is 6A. Neglect fringing. (6) 	BTL 1	Remember	CO3
4	Explain the steady state performance analysis of switched reluctance motor. (13)	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO3
5	 i) Draw and explain the characteristics of switched reluctance motor in detail. (7) ii) Derive the expression of static torque in SRM. (6) 	BTL 3	Apply	CO3
6	A SRM with 6 stator poles and 4 rotor poles has a stator pole arc of 30° and rotor pole arc is 32° . The aligned inductance is 10.7mH and unaligned inductance is 1.5mH. Saturation can be neglected. Calculate the instantaneous torque when the rotor is 30° before the aligned	BTL 3	Apply	CO3

	position and phase current is 6A. What is the			
	maximum energy conversion for one stroke, if			
	the current is limited to 7A? Determine the			
	average torque corresponding to this energy			
	conversion. (13)			
7	Prepare the necessity of power electronic	BTL 6	Create	CO1
	circuit in SR motor. Explain its different types			
	of converter circuits. (13)			
8	Draw and explain four converter topologies for	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
	a three phase SRM. Write the merits and			
	demerits of each topology (13)			
9	Draw a schematic diagram and explain the	BTI 4	Analyze	CO1
	operation of a "C"-dump converter used for the	DILI	7 mary 20	001
	control of SPM (13)			
10	Describe the various converter topologies	DTI 2	Understand	CO1
10	for a 2 phase quitched reluctored motor	DILZ	Understand	COI
	for a 5 phase switched reluctance motor			
	with merits and demerits of each. Explain			
11	any two of them. (13)		TT 1 . 1	601
11	(1) Describe with a neat circuit any two	BIL 2	Understand	COI
	configuration of power converters used for			
	the control of switched reluctance motor.			
	(11) State the advantages of sensorless			
	operation. (3)			
12	Describe the closed loop control analysis of	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
	switched reluctance motor. (13)			
13	Describe the following:	BTL 2	Understand	CO1
	(i) Role of microprocessors in control of			
	switched reluctance motor (7)			
	(ii) Sensorless operation. (6)			
14	(i) Discuss the main advantages and	BTL 4	Analyze	CO3
	disadvantages of switched reluctance motor. (7)			
	(ii) Discuss the various applications of			
	switched reluctance motor. (6)			
	Part-C			
1.	Assess the features of rotary and linear	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO3
	switched reluctance motors and suggest			
	suitable motor for bottling plant. (15)			
2.	Build a suitable microprocessor based	BTL 6	Create	CO3
	controller for switched reluctance motor. (15)			
3.	Summarize the various stages in sensorless	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO3
	control of SRM. (15)			
4.	Plot the mechanical characteristics of SR motor	BTL 6	Create	CO3
	and discuss the type of control strategy used for			
	different regions of the curve. Also, draw the			
	typical phase current waveforms. (15)			
	UNIT III - PERMANENT MAGNET REUS	HLESS D	C. MOTORS	
Fundar	nentals of Permanent Magnets- Types- Princip	le of ope	ration- Magne	tic circuit
analvei	s- EMF and Torque equations- Characteristics-	Control de	sign - Transfer	function
- Mach	ine Load and Inverter - Current and Sneed Control	oller		1411011011
Iviacii	me, Loud and myerter Current and Speed Control	/1101.		
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	Part-A			
1.	List the permanent magnet materials used in PMBLDC motors.	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
2.	Compare conventional DC motor and PMBLDC motor.	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
3.	Compare PMBLDC motor with PMSM.	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
4.	Define permeance coefficient.	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
5.	Comment on demagnetization in PMBLDC motor.	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
6.	Describe the principle of operation of PMBLDC motor.	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
7.	List out the different classifications of BLPM DC motor.	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
8.	Plot the magnetic equivalent circuit of PMBLDC motor.	BTL 6	Create	CO4
9.	What are the differences between mechanical and electronic commutator?	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
10.	Give the torque and emf equation of square wave brushless motor.	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
11.	Justify the statement: PMBLDC motor is called electronically commutated motor.	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
12.	How the demagnetization occurs in PMBLDC motor?	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
13.	Summarize the merits of the brushless DC motor drives.	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
14.	List out the power controllers used in permanent magnet brushless DC motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
15.	What are the ways by which demagnetization can be limited in permanent magnet?	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
16.	Name the position sensors that are used for PMBLDC motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
17.	How are the directions of rotations reversed in PMBLDC motor?	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
18.	Sketch the ideal phase voltage and current waveform of PMBLDC machine.	BTL 6	Create	CO4
19.	A permanent magnet DC commutator motor has a stallingtorque of 2 Nm. The stall current is 5 A.Compute the motor's no-load speed if it is fed with 28 V DC supply.	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
20.	Mention some of the applications of PMBLDC motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	Part-B		· · · · · ·	
1.	 (i) Derive an expression for permeance coefficient of PMBLDC motor. (10) (ii) State the advantages of BLPM DC motor over conventional DC motor. (3) 	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
2	Derive the torque equation and torque ratio of	BTI 3	Annly	CO4
2.	permanent magnet brushless DC motor (13)		· •Ph.	007
3.	Explain the construction PMBLDC also compare conventional DC motor and PMBLDC motor. (13)	BTL 1	Remember	CO4

4.	(i) Elucidate in detail about the operation of	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	PMBLDC motor with 180° magnet arcs and			
	120° square-wave phase currents. (7)			
	(ii) Describe the constructional aspects of			
	mechanical and electronic commutators of			
	PMBLDC motors (6)			
5	Discuss in detail about magnetic circuit	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
5.	analysis of PMBLDC motor Also draw its	DILI	7 mary 20	001
	characteristics (13)			
6	Derive the expression for emf and torque of a	DTI 2	Understand	CO4
0.	Derive the expression for entrand torque of a	DIL 2	Understand	04
	characteristics (12)			
7	Explain the operation of electronic commutator	DTI 1	Analyza	CO4
7.	in DMDL DC motor with passagery diagrams	DIL 4	Allaryze	04
	In PMBLDC motor with necessary diagrams.			
	Explain the operation of the same. (13)		D 1	601
8.	Write a note on power controllers used for	BILI	Remember	COI
	PMBLDC motor and explain the each blocks			
	associated in it. (13)			~~ .
9.	Discuss the hysteresis type current regulation	BTL 2	Understand	CO1
	of PMBLDCmotor with neat diagram? (13)		~	~~ .
10.	Discuss the use of Hall sensors for position	BTL 6	Create	COI
	sensing in PMBLDC motor with necessary			
	block diagram. (13)			
11.	(i) Explain the speed-torque characteristics of	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
	PMBLDC motor. (7)			
	(ii) Differentiate between mechanical and			
	electronic commutators. (6)			
12.	(i) A permanent magnet DC commutator motor	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
	has a no-load speed of 6000 rpm when			
	connected to a 120 V supply. The armature			
	resistance is 2. and rotational and iron losses			
	may be neglected. Determine the speed when			
	the supply voltage is 60 V and the torque is 0.5			
	Nm. (7)			
	(ii) Prove that the torque equation in BLDC			
	motor is similar to that of conventional DC			
	motor. (6)			
13.	(i) Explain in detail about various types of	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
	PMBLDC motor with necessary diagrams. (7)			
	(ii) A PMBLDC motor has torque constant of			
	0.12 Nm/A referred to DC supply. Find the			
	motor's no-load speed when connected to 48 V			
	DC supply. Find the stall current and stall			
	torque if armature resistance is0.15 /phase &			
	drop in controller transistor is 2 V. (6)			
14.	Explain the closed loop control scheme of	BTL 1	Remember	CO1
-	a PMBLDC motor drive with a suitable			
	schematic diagram. (13)			
	Part-C	<u> </u>		l
1.	Identify appropriate power controllers for	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO1
	DMDLDC motor and avalage with not			
	PMBLDC motor and explain with near			

2.	Develop a power semiconductor base inverter	BTL 6	Create	CO1
	circuit for star connected PMBLDC Motor and			
	sketch the firing sequence and phase current			
	waveform for any mode. (15)			
3.	Select suitable sensors for position sensing in	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO1
	MBLDC motors and explain the operation with			
	neat sketch. (15)			
4.	Prepare the relationship between magnetising	BTL 6	Create	CO4
	force and flux density by performing the			
	magnetic circuit analysis of a brushless dc			
	motor on open circuit. (15)			
U	NIT IV - PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHRO	NOUS MO	OTORS (PMS)	(I)
Permane	ent Magnet ac Machines, Machine Configuration	ons, PMS	M -Principle o	f operation
– EMF a	nd Torque equations - Phasor diagram - Torque sp	beed chara	cterisites - eval	luation of
control o	characteristics - design of current and speed contro	llers –Con	structional feat	tures,
operatin	g principle and characteristics of synchronous relu	ctance mo	tor.	005
1.	Distinguish PM synchronous motor from	BIL4	Analyse	005
2	DLFW DU III010F.	ד 1	Domombor	COF
2.	List out the merits and demerits of PMISM.	BILI DTL 2	Apply	C05
5.	Classify the different types of PMSM.	BIL 3	Apply	C05
4.	PMSM.	BILS	Evaluate	005
5.	Enumerate the assumptions to be made in deriving the EMF equation of PMSM.	BTL 3	Apply	CO5
6.	Briefly explain about synchronous reactance.	BTL 6	Create	CO5
	Also write the expression for self and	-		
	synchronous reactance of PMSM.			
7.	Define load angle.	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
8.	State the power controllers for PM synchronous	BTL 2	Understand	CO5
	machines.			
9.	Describe load commutation and mention its advantages.	BTL 2	Understand	CO5
10.	Describe the features of closed loop speed control of loaded commuted inverter fed synchronous motor drive	BTL 2	Understand	CO1
11.	Differentiate square wave and sine wave motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
12.	Distinguish between self-control and vector control PMSM.	BTL 2	Understand	CO5
13.	Draw the output phasor diagram of PMSM.	BTL 4	Analyze	CO5
14.	Define synchronous reactance in PMSM.	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
15.	Explain the difference between SYNREL	BTL 4	Remember	CO5
	motor and PM synchronous motor.			
16.	Prepare the important features of permanent	BTL 6	Create	CO5
	magnet synchronous motor.			
17.	What is meant by slotless motor?	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
18.	Summarize the distribution factor for PMSM.	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO5
19.	Examine the Volt-ampere requirements of PMSM.	BTL 3	Apply	CO5
20.	List few applications of PMSM.	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
	Part-B			

1.	Explain the construction and working principle of operation of PMSM. (13)	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
2.	For an ideal sinewave permanent magnet motor derive the torque and EMF equations. (13)	BTL 3	Apply	CO5
3.	Enumerate the design considerations of permanent magnet synchronous motor. (13)	BTL 6	Analyze	CO5
4.	Describe the construction of phasor diagram of surface magnet sinewave motor. (13)	BTL 3	Apply	CO5
5.	With necessary phasor diagram and circle diagram, describe the torque speed characteristics of PMSM. (13)	BTL 4	Analyze	CO5
6	Derive the expression for power input and torque of a PMSM. Explain how its torque speed characteristics are obtained. (13)	BTL 4	Analyze	CO5
7.	Discuss PMBLDC and PMSM with respect to torque/ampere and KVA of converter/ kW of power tomotor for 4 Pole, 3 Phase motor system. (13)	BTL 5	Create	CO5
8.	Analyze and justify, the power output of PMBLDC motor is more than PMSM for the same size. (13)	BTL 4	Analyze	CO5
9.	With necessary diagrams, discuss about various power controllers used for PMSM. (13)	BTL 2	Understand	CO1
10.	 (i) Discuss the current control scheme of permanent magnetsynchronous motor in detail. (7) (ii) Derive self and mutual inductance of permanent magnet synchronous motor. (6) 	BTL 2	Understand	CO1
11.	 (i) What is armature reaction? Discuss its effects on PMSM. (3) (ii) Explain the concept of vector control and how it achieved in PMSM. (10) 	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
12.	With a neat sketch, explain the microprocessor based speedcontrol of PMSM. (13)	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
13.	 (i) Discuss in detail about various rotor configurations of permanent magnet synchronous machines. (6) (ii) With necessary block diagram explain in detail about FOC for PMSM. 	BTL 2	Understand	CO5
14.	(i) State the applications of PMSM.(3)(ii)Discuss in detail about Volt-ampererequirements of PMSM.(10)	BTL 1	Remember	CO5
1.	Part-C A brush PM sine wave motor has an open circuit voltage of 173V at its corner point speed of 3000rpm. It is supplied from a PWM converter whose maximum voltage is 200V. Neglecting resistance and all other losses, estimate the maximum speed at which maximum current can be supplied to the motor. (15)	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO5

2.	Integrate a suitable microprocessor for the	BTL 6	Create	CO1		
	control of permanent magnet synchronous					
	motor. (15)					
3	A 3 , 4 pole, brushless PM rotor has 36 stator	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO5		
	slots. Each phase winding is made up of three					
	coils per pole with 10 turns per coil. The coil					
	span = 7 slots. If the fundamental component of					
	magnet flux is 1.8mWb. Estimate the open					
	circuit phase emf (E_q) at 3000 rpm. (15)					
4.	Clarify in detail the field oriented control of	BTL 6	Create	CO5		
	permanent magnet synchronous motor. (15)					

 UNIT V-STUDY OF OTHER SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES

 Principle of operation and Characteristics of Hysteresis motor-AC series motors –Linear motor- Applications.

Part - A				
Q.No.	Questions	BT	Competence	Course
		Level		Outcome
1.	List the applications of synchronous reluctance	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	motors.			
2.	Develop the voltage and torque characteristics	BTL 6	Create	CO4
	of synchronous reluctance motor.			
3.	Describe in short about SYNREL motors.	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
4.	Compare synchronous reluctance motor and	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
	induction motor.			
5.	Give the voltage and torque equation of	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor.			
6.	Define cogging.	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
7.	Order the different types of synchronous	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
	reluctance motor.			
8.	Point out any two advantages of synchronous	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
	reluctance motors.			
9.	Tabulate the types of rotor available in	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor.			
10.	Define reluctance torque with reference to	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor.			
11.	Show some potential applications of	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
10	synchronous reluctance machine.		D 1	GOL
12.	What is linear synchronous speed?	BTLI	Remember	CO4
13.	Quote the properties of linear induction motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
14.	An electric train driven by a linear motor4	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
	moves with 200km/hr when stator frequency is			
	100Hz.Assuming negligible slip, calculate the			
	pole pitch of the linear motor.		TT 1 . 1	<u> </u>
15.	Describe the principle of operation of	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
1.6	hysteresis motor.		TT 1 1	004
16.	Mention the disadvantages of hysteresis motor.	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
17.	Plot the torque speed characteristics of	BTL 6	Create	CO4
10	nysteresis motor.		D 1	004
18.	what is the basic principle behind the working	RILI	Kemember	CO4
	of repulsion motor?			

19.	Compare synchronous reluctance motor with	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
	conventional Synchronous motor.			
20.	Where are repulsion motor used?	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
	Part – B	[Γ	
1.	(i) Give a detailed technical note on the	BTL 6	Create	CO4
	variable reluctance motor and the advantages.			
	(7)			
	(ii) Investigate the performance of the			
	synchronous reluctance motor with neat phasor			
	diagram. (6)			
2.	(i) Draw and explain the phasor diagram of	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor. (3)			
	(ii) Explain the construction and operation of			
	axial and radial flux machines. Discuss the			
	advantages and disadvantages of each			
	construction. (10)			
3.	Differentiate between axial and radial airgap	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motors. Compare the			
	performance of synchronous reluctance motor			
	with switched reluctance motor. (13)			
4.	Summarize the design considerations of	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor. (13)			~~
5.	A three phase 230V,60Hz,4 pole star connected	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor with negligible			
	armature resistance has $X_{sd} = 22.5$ ohm and X_{sq}			
	= 3.50hm.The load torque is 12.5Nm.The			
	voltage frequency ratio is maintained constant			
	at rated value. If the supply frequency is			
	60Hz,determine (i) torque angle (5)			
	(ii) line current (4)			
	(iii)input power factor (4)			~~
6.	Describe the constructional features and	BTL 2	Understand	CO4
	operation of variable reluctance synchronous			
	reluctance motor. (13)			
7.	Explain with neat diagram, the construction,	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	working principle and types of synchronous			
	reluctance motor. (13)			
8.	Explain the torque speed characteristics of	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor in detail. (13)			C O (
9.	(1) Discuss the main advantages and	BTL 3	Apply	CO4
	disadvantages of synchronous reluctance			
	motor. (7)			
	(11) Discuss the various applications of			
10	synchronous reluctance motor. (6)		D '	004
10.	Describe circle diagram and torque-speed	BIL I	Remember	CO4
	cnaracteristics of synchronous reluctance			
1 1	motor. (13)		A 1	CO 4
11.	Explain the working of linear induction motor	BIL 4	Analyze	CO4
	and also write its applications. (13)			
1				

12.	Describe briefly about the repulsion motor.	BTL 1	Remember	CO4
	(13)			
13.	Summarize the constructional details,	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
	principle of operation and the application of			
	Hysteresis motor. (13)			
14.	Summarize applications of linear induction	BTL 4	Analyze	CO4
	motor and repulsion motor. (13)			
Part – C				
1.	Recommend a suitable type of synchronous	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
	reluctance motor for rewinding mill. (15)			
2.	Formulate a suitable saliency ratio of	BTL 6	Create	CO4
	synchronous reluctance motor and how it can			
	be improved. (15)			
				<i>~~ (</i>
3.	A three phase, 220Volts, 50Hz, 4 pole Star	BTL 5	Evaluate	CO4
	Connected Reluctance Motor has $X_d=25$ and			
	$X_q=2.5$. The Armature Resistance is			
	negligible. The Load torque is $T_L=24.5$ Nm. The			
	voltage to frequency ratio is maintained			
	constant at the rated value. If the supply			
	frequency is 50 Hz. Determine			
	i) Torque Angle (5)			
	11) Line current (5)			
	iii) Input Power Factor. (5)		~	~~ .
4.	Substitute a suitable reluctance motor for	BTL 6	Create	CO4
	replacing induction motor and synchronous			
	motor and explain (15)			